

# Finance, Budget and Enrolment Committee (Special Meeting) Agenda

FBEC:005A

Tuesday, March 19, 2024

4:30 p.m.

Boardroom, Main Floor, 5050 Yonge Street, Toronto

**Trustee Members** 

Zakir Patel (Chair), Michelle Aarts, Matias de Dovitiis, Liban Hassan, Shelley Laskin, James Li, Dan MacLean

The purpose of the meeting is to consider budget matters.

**Pages** 

- 1. Call to Order and Acknowledgement of Traditional Lands
- 2. Declarations of Possible Conflict of Interest
- 3. Delegations

To be presented

- 4. Proposed Options to Balance the 2024-25 Budget [4668]
- 5. Adjournment





## **Proposed Options to Balance the 2024-25 Budget**

To: Special Finance, Budget, and Enrolment Committee

**Date:** March 19, 2024

**Report No.:** 03-24-4668

## **Strategic Directions**

- Transform Student Learning
- Create a Culture for Student and Staff Well-Being
- Provide Equity of Access to Learning Opportunities for All Students
- Allocate Human and Financial Resources Strategically to Support Student Needs
- Build Strong Relationships and Partnerships Within School Communities to Support Student Learning and Well-Being
- Embed the Truth and Reconciliation Commission of Canada: Calls to Action and the United Nations Declaration on the Rights of Indigenous Peoples in policies, bylaws and Board governance structures

#### Recommendation

It is recommended that the report regarding the proposed options to balance the 2024-25 budget be received.

## **Executive Summary**

The Board is required to submit a balanced budget to the Ministry of Education and this report meets the Director of Education's statutory requirement to present a balanced budget to the Board of Trustees.

The Toronto District School Board (TDSB) has a structural deficit, meaning that the Board spends more than it receives in funding. Some reasons for the structural deficit include the underfunding of statutory benefits, the TDSB teacher grid and replacement costs for sick leave and the inability to close underutilized schools. In addition, the Board does spend more than funded in other areas.

On January 29, 2024, staff projected a deficit of \$34.8 million. This projection has been updated based on additional information and the revised projected deficit is now \$20.8 million. The projection includes the use of \$15.9 million of proceeds of disposition and if the Board does not receive permission to use them, the deficit is projected to be \$36.7 million.

Staff are providing options to arrive at a balanced budget. The options have considered guiding factors that include the draft of the Multi-Year Strategic Plan (2024 to 2028), minimizing impact on direct support to students, Ministry regulations (like class size and enveloping requirements) and Collective Agreements. Since over 85% of the Board's operating budget represents salaries and benefits, some recommendations will require a reduction in staffing. Collective Agreements will impact these reductions, including the timing of when decisions need to be made.

The options to balance include:

- Proposals to reduce deficit in continuing education
- Proposals to reduce deficit in outdoor education
- Reductions in replacement costs for sick leave
- Reductions in school operational costs
- Increases to certain user fees including permit fees and and the resumption of IB fees
- Reduction in central staffing including senior team, central teaching staff and other central administrative staff

In addition, the Board passed a motion to consider adding back vice principals and safety positions that were assumed to be reduced in the original projection and another motion to consider adding additional community support workers. The total cost would be \$7.9 million and additional reductions would need to be made to include all of these positions.

The next steps in the budget process include staff presenting the operating budget for approval to the Finance, Budget and Enrolment Committee (FBEC) meeting on March 27, 2024 and to a Special Board meeting on April 2, 2024. Once the Grants for Student Needs (GSN) are released, staff will calculate the actual grant revenue and determine if any changes are required.

#### Context

#### **Background**

Section 231 of the Education Act requires school boards to adopt a balanced budget. According to the Ministry, "when preparing and adopting budgets (estimates) for the

fiscal year (September 1 to August 31), school boards are required to ensure that estimated expenses do not exceed estimated revenues unless any in-year deficit can be covered by accumulated surplus of a prior year and the in-year deficit is less than 1% of the school board's operating budget." 1% of the TDSB operating budget is approximately \$30.1 million and the Board is projected to have an available accumulated surplus of \$13.8 million on August 31, 2024. As a result, \$13.8 million is the maximum deficit that the Board could have in 2024-25.

However, in 2022-23, TDSB received Ministry approval for a 1.4% deficit of \$40.4 million. As part of the approval, the Board had to prepare a 3-year deficit recovery plan. The 2024-25 school year is the third year of the 3-year plan and the original commitment was to develop a budget with an \$8.2 million surplus. When the Board made the commitment to this surplus to build back reserves, there were assumptions that enrollment and certain fees would have increased back to pre-pandemic levels. Since this has not happened, staff will be presenting a budget that breaks even. This report meets the Director of Education's statutory requirement to present a balanced budget to the Board of Trustees.

## Structural Deficit

The TDSB has a structural deficit. This means that the Board spends more than it receives in funding on an annual basis. There are a number of items contributing to the structural deficit – some that are not within the control of the TDSB and some that are not.

The main items that are not within the control of TDSB and the Ministry does not provide sufficient funding for include:

## Statutory Benefits

Canada Pension Plan (CPP) has been gradually increasing from 4.95% in 2019 to 5.95% in 2023. In 2024, a second additional contribution rate was added. There has not been a corresponding increase in funding to offset these costs and in 2024-25, the annual underfunding of CPP has increased to \$33.4 million for TDSB. Employment Insurance (EI) has also been increasing and the underfunded amount is \$1.8 million. The total unfunded statutory benefits are \$35.2 million.

Difference in Funding for Teacher Salaries vs. Actual Salary Cost
 In 2014, the Province began Central Bargaining and came up with a central salary grid for teachers. Funding for teachers is based on this central grid. At that time, the TDSB grid was higher than the Provincial grid resulting in an unfunded amount for each teacher. This amount continues to increase as the

Province bargains percentage increases each year. In 2023-24, the amount that is underfunded is projected to be \$22.3 million.

 Cost of Operating Under-Utilized Schools due to School Closure Moratorium Prior to 2015, the Ministry provided a grant called "Top-up funding under the School Facilities Operation and Renewal grant". The Ministry stated that "This funding is provided for eligible schools to support the operation and maintenance of facilities where enrolment is less than capacity." In other words, the Ministry recognized that there is a similar cost to operating a school with full capacity as a school that is underutilized. In 2015, the Ministry announced the phase out of this grant over three years. In the announcement, the Ministry stated "One effect of this funding has been to sustain schools in areas where it would make more sense from a program, fiscal, demographic and geographic perspective to rationalize school space through measures that might include closure or consolidation with nearby facilities and partnerships with coterminous school boards." In other words, the Ministry encouraged Boards to close schools to deal with the excess capacity. The challenge is that, in June 2017, the Ministry announced a moratorium on school closures; thereby eliminating the ability of TDSB to develop and implement plans to maximize capacity while also reducing the funding received to assist with the operating these schools. The TDSB received \$35.5 million top up funding prior to the phasing out of this grant.

In addition, the Board has identified a number of Pupil Accommodation Reviews in the Long-Term Program and Accommodation Plan (LTPAP). Staff have projected operations savings of over \$3.5 million if the Board were to perform six of these reviews. This does not include the deferred maintenance that could be eliminated.

#### Replacement Costs for Sick Leave

The Putting Students First Act, 2012, changed the allocation of sick leave for school board employees. Prior to 2012, employees were apportioned two days per month. Unused credits could be banked, and many employees received a retirement gratuity based on the number of unused sick days (up to a maximum). After 2012, employees now receive 11 days a year at full pay, plus an additional 120 days at 90% pay for short-term disability. Sick leave credits are not bankable and the retirement gratuities have been phased out. Since 2012, it has been reported that the Provincial average number of sick days taken has doubled from an average of 8 to 16 days per year. Each sick day costs the Board approximately \$600,000 in replacement costs for a total annually of approximately \$112 million. Therefore, the Board estimates the impact of the change in the sick leave provisions from 2012 at approximately \$56 million annually.

## **Updated Financial Position**

On January 29, 2024, staff projected a \$34.8 million deficit. The projection was based on projected enrolment, assumptions with regard to the Grants for Student Needs (GSN) and known increases in expenditures based on enrolment, increases in contractual agreements and prior experience.

Since January 29, 2024, staff have updated some of the projected revenues and expenditures:

## School Based Staffing

School based staffing represents approximately 65% of the Board's entire operating budget and the 2024-25 school based staffing was approved by the Board on March 6, 2024. School based staffing is passed at this time to allow Principals to work with their staffing committees and prepare their class organizations/schedules to meet collective agreement timelines. The actual budgeted cost is approximately \$4.8 million less than originally projected on January 29, 2024 and therefore, reduces the projected deficit.

#### Utilities

On March 7, 2024, staff were able to lock in our natural gas and electricity contracts for 2024-25 and there is an approximate \$5.5 million savings from projected costs and thereby reducing the projected deficit.

#### International Student Fees

The international student fee revenue has been increased by \$1.7 million based on actual enrolments to date for 2024-25 and thereby reducing the projected deficit.

## Other Revenue and Expenditures

Staff have adjusted other revenues and expenditures based on additional information by \$2.0 million and therefore have reduced the projected deficit.

As a result of the adjustments above, the revised financial position is a **projected \$20.8** million deficit.

#### Use of Proceeds of Disposition

The financial position on January 29, 2024 assumes that the Board will receive approval for use of Proceeds of Disposition (POD) of \$15.9 million. Staff believe that the Ministry of Education is unlikely to approve the use of POD if we do not pass a balanced budget.

If the Board does not receive permission to use POD for 2024-25, the projected deficit would be \$36.7 million (updated financial position of \$20.8 million plus the use of POD of \$15.9 million).

## **Guiding Factors to Consider**

In order to balance the budget, the Board has to decrease spending by \$20.8 million. Staff have considered a number of guiding factors when proposing options to balance:

- The draft of the Multi-Year Strategic Plan (2024-2028) The MYSP will help to determine where it is important to allocate resources to support the plan.
- Ministry regulations including class size regulations and other spending requirements
- Collective agreement provisions including timelines and protected complements
- Direct impact on TDSB students

## **Options to Balance**

Replacement Costs Related to Sick Leave

People and Culture concluded a review of its Disability Management function and are in the process of developing and implementing several strategies. This would reduce employee absences through organizational and process improvements to facilitate early and safe return to work, with a goal to reduce replacement costs by \$7.0 million.

## Continuing Education

The Continuing Education department offers programs that include International Languages Elementary/African Heritage, Community Programs, secondary credit courses (i.e., night, summer, weekend), summer programs, international adult education, Adult English as a Second Language courses, and Adult Day School credit programs. Currently, Continuing Education is operating at a deficit of approximately \$6.9 million. Most Boards across Ontario operate Continuing Education at break even or in a surplus to help support other areas of the budget.

In order to reduce the deficit in Continuing Education, the following are being proposed:

- Restructuring International Language-African Heritage Programs to be delivered in fewer sites while ensuring equity of access
- Eliminating General Interest/Seniors' Daytime Programs and referring participants to other available programs
- 3. Restructuring Adult Day Schools to be delivered in fewer sites while maintaining robust programming

Details are included in Appendix A. The full implementation would reduce spending in Continuing Education by \$4.1 million. The proposal represents a significant change and staff is estimated that the entire reduction will not be recognized in the first year. Therefore, the program savings are projected to reduce the deficit by \$2.0 million.

#### **Outdoor Education**

The TDSB has recognized the importance of Outdoor Education by mandating that all students have equity of access to quality day and overnight Outdoor Education Programs. In June 2001, the Board resolved that every student in grades 5-8 has the opportunity to participate in overnight programs and every student in grades K-8 has opportunities to participate in day programs. Historically, the costs associated with operating the Outdoor Education Department have been greater than the revenue received and the 2023-24 grant is \$2 million, while the projected deficit is \$3.1 million.

Staff are proposing the following in order to reduce the deficit in Outdoor Education:

- Eliminate weekend Grade 6 Outdoor Education school trips to Scarborough
  Outdoor Education School (SOES) at Camp Kearney and accommodate these
  overnight excursions during the weekdays at other sites
- 2. Share Transportation to overnight Outdoor Education Centres with participating schools
- 3. Increase user fees for visits to Outdoor Education Day Centres

This would reduce spending in Outdoor Education by \$1.0 million while still meeting the Board motion passed in 2001. Details are included in Appendix B.

Increase in/Resumption of User Fees

## International Baccalaureate (IB) Fees

In 2019, the Board established a process to collect the cost of the IB Program (\$1.5 million) through fees on a sliding scale as well as establish a financial assistance program to ensure equity of access. In August 2020, the Board passed a motion to pause the 2020-21 IB fees as result of the pandemic and the change in delivery model during that time. Staff are proposing to reinstate the Board motion from 2019. This would result in an increase in fees of approximately \$1.0 million. Details are included in Appendix C.

#### Permit Fees

There are a few areas of permit fees that staff are reviewing in accordance with Policy PO11 "Community Use of Board Facilities":

- a. Section 6.16 of the policy states that "Permit holders will be charged for ancillary costs including staffing of nonscheduled custodian services, media and technology specialists, stage crews, security officers and parking attendants, as required." Currently, the permit fees represent a blended rate that does not fully recover these costs. Staff are suggesting that these costs be charged in accordance with the Policy. The recovery of these costs are expected to generate approximately \$3.1 million.
- b. Appendix A within Policy PO11, states that "User fees in Category A1 and A2 are subsidized through the Ministry of Education Community Use of Schools grant and are subject to the limit in funding." Currently, the Board receives a \$3.6 million grant from the Ministry to subsidize these groups while the Board is actually subsidizing \$6.1 million. This means that the Board is currently using \$2.5 million of its budget to subsidize the use of space. Staff are reviewing the use of the subsidy and a way of monitoring to ensure that the subsidy is used as provided.
- c. Section 6.18 within Policy PO11 also states that permit fees should be increased each year in accordance with the consumer price index. This will generate an additional \$300,000.

The total deficit related to section 'a' and 'b' from the above equals \$5.6 million. Staff are recommending that the permit fees be reviewed to determine how to recover the deficit and have estimated a recovery of half of the deficit for 2024-25. Therefore, the fees are projected to increase by \$2.6 million.

## 1:1 Device Repair Costs

It is estimated that the Board will spend over \$500,000 in 2024-25 to repair 1:1 devices. Repairs are currently paid for from school budgets. Staff are recommending that language be adjusted in the agreements with students/parents/caregivers in order to allow schools to charge for repairs, when appropriate.

In addition, staff are proposing that secondary schools share in the cost of purchasing 1:1 devices for Grade 9 students. All students in Grade 9 will now have access to a device and spending will be reduced in areas such as technology, repairs, paper and other areas.

#### Central Staffing

Based on the Multi-Year Strategic Plan, decreased enrolment over time and a best practice of reviewing positions when people leave the Board, staff are proposing a decrease in central staffing of approximately \$5.0 million. The areas include:

Senior team

- Other central administration
- Central teaching staff

Renewal Costs Included in the Operating Budget and Overspending on School Operations

Staff are reviewing ways to decrease spending in this area without impacting the level of service. This includes decreasing absenteeism, filling vacancies, and reviewing contracts to find additional savings. The estimated savings is approximately \$5.0 million.

Other Areas Where the Board is Spending More than Funded

Staff are reviewing all areas where the Board is spending more than funded. A chart of the major areas is included as Appendix D. It should be noted that the areas identified in this section have value and are an important part of fully implementing the Board's priorities, obligations, resolutions and operations. The reduction of services in these areas poses a range of impacts.

Also provided as part of this report is a summary of spending by department included as Appendix E.

Total Options to Balance

The total of the above options is \$23.4 million. The implementation of these options would result in an \$2.6 million surplus. This would allow the addition of some of the positions from the trustee motions approved on March 6, 2024 to be added.

#### Motions Approved On March 6, 2024

In order for all of these items to be included, staff would review the other areas of overspending to identify additional areas for reductions. The total additions represent \$6.8 million for the motion related to Vice-Principals and safety positions and \$1.1 million for the motion related to community support workers.

Motion on Vice Principals and Safety Positions from February 14, 2024 FBEC

At the February 14, 2024 FBEC meeting, the committee approved the following motion: "That, in preparation of the detailed options to balance the 2024-25 Budget that will be coming to a special meeting of the Finance, Budget and Enrolment Committee on March 19, 2024, that staff reconsider assumptions presented to the Finance, Budget and Enrolment Committee on January 29, 2024 in preparation of the projected 2024-25

Financial Position, specifically the removal of the vice-principal positions added through the 2023-24 budget process, and the safety positions that were added in January 2023."

Based on this motion, staff have reviewed all of the positions and if the Board were to add back the positions, the recommendation would be the following:

- 20 Elementary Vice-Principals at a cost of \$2.7 million
- 8 Secondary Vice-Principals at a cost of \$1.1 million
- From the safety positions:
  - o 2 Caring and Safe Schools Central Staff at a cost of \$0.2 million
  - 12 Social Workers at a cost of \$1.6 million
  - o 11 Child and Youth Counsellors at a cost of \$1.2 million

The total cost of adding back these positions would be \$6.8 million.

Motion on Community Support Workers from March 4, 2024 Special FBEC

At the March 4, 2024 Special FBEC meeting, the committee approved the following motion: "That the following be referred to staff for consideration at the March 19, 2024 meeting of the Finance, Budget and Enrolment Committee when the matter, options to balance the 2024-2025 operating budget is presented: Through the budget cycle, the Board explore the option of increasing the allocation of Community Support Workers so that they cover four schools on average, down from the current 6.25 schools average per Community Support Worker."

Staff have reviewed the motion and it would require 13.5 additional Community Support Workers to decrease the number of schools covered to four. This would cost approximately \$1.1 million.

## **Action Plan and Associated Timeline**

Staff will use the feedback from Trustees, the public and students to bring back a budget for approval on March 27, 2024.

The timeline is important due to the fact that over 85% of the Board's operating budget relates to salaries and benefits. There are collective agreement timelines associated with reducing staff and when the Board misses these timelines, it prevents the Board from considering all options to achieve a balanced budget.

The GSN is usually released at the end of March/beginning of April and once it is released, Board staff will calculate the grant revenue and compare it to the projected revenue to determine any changes that need to be made.

## **Resource Implications**

Section 231 of the Education Act requires school boards to pass a balanced operating budget each year. Budgets are intended to align both human and financial resources to system priorities.

## **Communications Considerations**

It is important to continue to update stakeholders about the budget process and the impacts of the decisions that will be proposed to balance the budget.

Staff will work together to ensure all relevant information is provided to stakeholders.

## **Board Policy and Procedure Reference(s)**

Not applicable.

## **Appendices**

Appendix A: Continuing Education Proposal

Appendix B: Outdoor Education Proposal

Appendix C: IB Fee Proposal

Appendix D: Major Areas Where Board is Spending More Than Funded

Appendix E: Detailed Expenditures by Department (to be provided separately by

Wednesday, March 13, 2024)

Appendix F: Updated Financial Position Including Options to Balance

## **From**

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## **Appendix A** Continuing Education Program Changes

Continuing Education program changes include:

- 1. Restructuring International Language-African Heritage Programs to be delivered in fewer sites while ensuring equity of access.
- 2. Eliminating General Interest/Seniors' Daytime Programs and referring participants to other available programs.
- 3. Restructuring Adult Day Schools to be delivered in fewer sites while maintaining robust programming.

## Background

TDSB outlines policy parameters in the <u>Continuing Education Policy (P019)</u>. The policy was last reviewed in February 2013. The Continuing Education department offers programs that include International Languages Elementary/African Heritage, General Interest/Seniors' Daytime Programs, secondary credit courses (i.e., night, summer, weekend), summer programs, international adult education, Adult English as a Second Language courses, and Adult Day School credit programs.

Continuing Education Programs listed below collectively experience a \$6.1M deficit. The proposed reduction of the deficit is \$4.06M. Analysis of Continuing Education Programs and supports will remain ongoing.

## Financial Summary for 2023-2024 and Estimated Savings through Program Changes

Continuing Education Programs	Financial Summary 2023-2024	Estimated Program Savings
International Languages Elementary - African Heritage	(\$2,906,589)	\$1,185,000
General Interest/Seniors' Daytime Courses	(\$694,954)	\$694,954
Adult Day Schools	(\$2,528,836)	\$2,183,582
Total estimated values	(6,130,379)	\$4,063,536

## **Outline of Program Changes**

## International Languages Elementary-African Heritage

The Ministry mandates boards to offer International Language Elementary programs to students when sufficient enrolment is generated. TDSB salary and benefit costs exceed funding levels. In the redevelopment of International Languages-African Heritage programming, fiscal responsibility, maximizing enrolment, and the customization of offerings to heritage community interests were prioritized. A jurisdictional scan of neighbouring boards highlighted common practices including class size base enrolment of 25 students or higher and limiting the number of locations.

International Language Program changes include:

- ➤ Migrating course times to 5:30 p.m. to 8:00 p.m. (weekdays) and Saturdays in schools large enough to accommodate students from larger catchment areas. This will enable more families to access classes through the weekday programming.
- ➤ Creating community hubs through larger sites to maximize enrolment per instructor. This will enable more age appropriate class placements.
- > Pre-register a minimum of 25 students to open a new class.
- > Monitoring attendance in each class to respond to increased or decreased numbers of students enrolled.
- ➤ Utilizing both elementary and secondary school sites so that designated sites have the capacity to grow with program demand.
- ➤ Aligning sites, as closely as possible, with community presence so that existing relationships and structures will continue to thrive.
- ➤ Migrating to a staffing level of one Program Officer and one ILE Administrator for each site so that instructors, students and families may benefit from a responsive, familiar and supportive leadership team.

## Community Programs (General Interest/Seniors' Daytime)

Policy 019 outlines, "The Board will provide...community programs for adults 18 years of age and older to provide them with opportunities to develop knowledge and skills and to maintain a healthy, active lifestyle...*Community programs should be fully funded by user fees and other revenues*." Currently, the TDSB is not meeting this requirement. In 2022-2023, General Interest/Seniors' Daytime Programs experienced a \$680,000 deficit. In order to sustain programs operating in deficit, funds are redirected from the board's other revenue sources (i.e., funds are redirected from areas such as staffing

and school based funding to support the deficit with General Interest/Seniors' Daytime). Course fees were raised by 20% in 2023-2024 in an effort to become fully funded, however, enrolment has declined by 15%. General Interest/Seniors' Daytime Programs are projected to have an in-year \$694,454 deficit. Given the provision of interest courses available in Toronto to interested community members, the needs of TDSB students, and a projected persistent deficit, it is recommended that the TDSB no longer provide General Interest/Seniors' Daytime programming. This consideration will require policy revision.

## **Adult Day Schools**

"Secondary Credit academic programs in adult day schools help learners earn a secondary school diploma, upgrade skills, and gain job-related training" (Policy 019). TDSB operates five Adult Day Schools (Burnhamthorpe Adult Learning Centre, City Adult Learning Centre, Emery Adult Learning Centre, Yorkdale Adult Learning Centre and Scarborough Centre for Alternative Studies). In addition, each Adult Learning Centre houses an EdVance program for students aged 18 to 20. The unique nature of adult day schools is characterized by four intake periods and funding based on student hours of attendance to produce Average Daily Enrolment (ADE). The ADE determines funding for each Adult Day School. Average Daily Enrolment at Adult Day Schools has declined by 50% since 2009 to 2,200 representing approximately 8,400 learners in 2022-2023. Maintaining support for adult day learners and fiscal responsibility will be prioritized while restructuring Adult Day Schools.

Program changes to Adult Day School include:

- Optimizing class enrolment and retention across all sites.
- Streamlining registration processes.
- > Delivering all adult virtual courses at one Adult School.

Savings up to \$2,183,582 are projected through streamlined registration processes, staff reductions and optimizing class sizes. Program and process changes will result in fewer unfunded staff. Students will be supported through enrolment in online learning to obtain required credits where courses are reduced or canceled.

## **Appendix B Outdoor Education Program Changes**

Outdoor Education Program changes include:

- Eliminating weekend Grade 6 TDSB Outdoor Education school trips to Scarborough Outdoor Education School (SOES) at Kearney and accommodating these overnight excursions during the weekdays at SOES and other sites
- 2. Share transportation to overnight Outdoor Education Centres with identified participating schools
- 3. Increase user fees for visits to Outdoor Education Day Centres

## **Background**

TDSB has recognized the importance of Outdoor Education by mandating that all students have equity of access to quality day and overnight Outdoor Education Programs. In June of 2001 the Board resolved that every student in grades 6 or 7 has the opportunity to participate in overnight programs and every student in grades K-8 has opportunities to participate in day programs. The Outdoor Education department ensures this commitment by prioritizing day trips to students in grades 2 and 4 and an overnight trip to students in grade 6.

## **Financial Background**

Historically the costs associated with operating the Toronto Outdoor Education Department have been greater than the revenue received. Last year the budget for operating Outdoor Education was \$7.2 million and the sources of revenue included funds from the GSN (\$2.1 million) and funds from the collection of User Fees (\$2 million). This resulted in a deficit of \$3.1 million.

User Fees for regularly scheduled visits to our Outdoor Education Centres are collected through school budgets for each student participating in an Outdoor Education trip. These fees are on a sliding scale based on the Learning Opportunities Index (LOI). User Fees were also charged for the use of sites for summer and weekend programs/camps as well as the permitting of the sites to third parties.

## **Proposed Changes and Estimated Savings**

Eliminate weekend Grade 6 Outdoor Education School Trips to Scarborough
Outdoor Education Centre (SOES) located in Kearney and accommodate these
overnight excursions during the regular school week at other sites

SOES, Kearney is located 40 minutes Northeast of Huntsville, Ontario. Currently SOES is the only TDSB Outdoor Education Centre that offers regular grade 6 trips to schools during weekends. Last year there were programs running on 15 weekends throughout the year which served approximately 1,000 students. By eliminating the weekend trips to SOES there will be a reduction in staffing costs and in food costs. There are enough spaces to accommodate these students during the school week at SOES and at the other Overnight Outdoor Education Centres. There is also the potential for the generation of additional revenue if the site is available on weekends to be permitted by other schools or outside organizations for events.

Impact of Change	Estimated Savings
Reduction of 2 Outdoor Education Specialists Positions	\$235,978 (Salary and Benefits)
Food Contract Costs	\$65,000
Total Savings	\$300,978

Share transportation to overnight Outdoor Education Centres with identified participating schools

Currently, Transportation Costs for trips to Overnight Outdoor Education Centres are covered by the Central Outdoor Education Budget, and trips to Outdoor Education Day Centres are paid by participating schools. The cost for transportation last year to Overnight Outdoor Education Centres was \$535,000. By shifting the cost of transportation to Overnight Outdoor Education Centres to participating schools we can reduce costs centrally. The booking and payment of buses would still be managed centrally to take advantage of savings that come with large scale bookings. To acknowledge the impact on schools lower on the LOI, the costs of transportation for LOI 1 - 150 schools will continue to be covered by the Central Outdoor Education Budget. The total estimated costs of bussing for schools LOI 1-150 is approximately \$113,000.

Impact of Change	Estimated Savings to Central Budget
Transportation Costs to Outdoor Education Centers for Schools LOI 151 and above will be covered by participating School Budgets	\$422,000

## 3. User Fee increase for visits to Outdoor Education Day Centres

User fees are collected to support the necessary facility maintenance costs at the Outdoor Education Centres which are not funded by the Ministry. These fees are on a sliding scale depending on the LOI of the school. By increasing user fees on a similar sliding scale we will be able to generate more revenue in order to increase the funds available to maintain the facilities at the Outdoor Education Centres and decrease the deficit in Outdoor Education. The schools will have the discretion to utilize local funds (e.g., school budget, local fundraising, grants, etc.) to waive fees for students based on family needs.

Below is a chart outlining the current fees and the proposed fees based on the sliding LOI scale.

School LOI	chool LOI Current Fees	
LOI 1-150	\$5.00	\$10.00
LOI 151-250	\$7.50	\$15.00
LOI 250+	\$10.00	\$20.00

The adoption of the proposed fees would generate an estimated additional revenue of approximately \$300,000.

Impact of Change	Estimated Revenue
User Fees will increase on a sliding scale	\$300,000

## 4. Summary of All proposed changes

Action	Estimated Savings
Eliminate weekend trips to SOES at Kearney and accommodate overnight excursions at SOES and at other sites	\$300,978
Charge Transportation Costs to schools LOI 151+ for trips to Overnight Centres	\$422,000
Increase User Fees for Day Centres	\$300,000
Total	\$1,022,978

## **Summary of Board Motions Regarding the Mandate and Model of Delivery for Outdoor Education**

## June 2000 Board Motion Regarding Equity of Access

All students across the TDSB will have equity of access to quality day and overnight outdoor education programs. Every Grade 6 or 7 student will have the opportunity to participate in an overnight program and every JK to Grade 8 student will have opportunities to participate in day programs. In addition, there will be limited opportunities for secondary students to participate in both overnight and day experiences.

## March 2001 Board Motion Regarding Model of Delivery

Every student gets 2 opportunities for Day Centre visits JK to Grade 8

One 5-day Overnight Centre visit in Grade 6 or 7

Secondary and specialized programs offered only on weekends with full cost recovery

## **January 2004 Supervisor Changes Model of Delivery**

Overnight Visits changed from 5 to 2.5 days

## **April 2010 Day Program Opportunities for Secondary Students Expanded**

That opportunities for Outdoor Education Day Program delivery for secondary students be expanded by adding 4,125 student opportunities

## May 2021 Board Motion Regarding Long Term Plan for Outdoor Education

That the current model for outdoor education be restructured to provide instructional support in schools, while ensuring that all staff and students have access to resources made available through the Board's Outdoor Education Centres

## **Appendix C** International Baccalaureate Program Fees

International Baccalaureate Program Fee changes include:

1. Reinstitution of IB Fees for the 2024-2025 school year for all students in the International Baccalaureate program (Grades 11-12) as well as the Grades prior to the formal IB Diploma program (Grades 9-10) while upholding pathways to ensure equity of access to these programs.

The IB program supplements the Ontario curriculum and there are extensive costs associated with providing the additional layers of programming.

## Proposed Payment Details:

- Reinstate the past practice from 2020-2021 of a \$3000 IB fee and adopt a revised payment schedule
  - Grade 9 and 10 \$250 each year
  - Grades 11 and 12 \$1250 each year
- Maintain the program subsidies that were offered during 2020-2021/COVID
- Communicate that the \$3000 fee may fluctuate in future years based on actual costs from IBO, the exchange rate and resource costs in 2026-2028 with a costrecovery model.
- In future years, IB fees will be shared with Grade 8 students during the application process, along with available subsidies, and will recognize the fluctuation of the costs.
- Provide the costs to deliver the IB program to each school through board funds and fees paid by students and families.

## **Background**

The International Baccalaureate Organization establishes the annual costs of the program to the board. All costs are in US dollars. They include:

- Registration School Fee
- Exam Costs
- ManageBac Fee
- Exam mailing, and photocopying CAD

In addition to the above costs, the following are needed to run the program:

- 0.5 IB Coordinator per school (compulsory role as per IBO)
- IB-approved textbooks, course books, course materials
- Trained IB teachers
- 5-year review cycle

Approximate total board costs of IB is \$0.95M annually.

In 2019, the board established a process to collect the cost of the IB Program (\$1.54 million) through fees on a sliding scale as well as establishing a financial assistance program to ensure equity of access. The sliding scale for the 2020-2021 IB programs ranged from \$500 - \$1500 per student for Grade 11 and 12 IB students (\$0.8-0.9 million in projected revenue).

On August 6, 2020, the Board approved a motion to eliminate the 2020-2021 IB fees. All students and families who had paid were refunded in full. In November 2020 the Finance, Budget and Enrollment Committee recommended a suspension of fees for the 2021-2022 school year because of IBO program delivery model changes due to the pandemic.

IB costs have been fully borne by the TDSB prior to the decision in 2019 and since the pause over COVID.

In Fall 2022, TDSB communicated that there would be no fees for the 2023-2024 school year and fees for the 2024-2025 school year were under consideration based on the budget process.

## **Jurisdictional Scan**

- Peel District School Board Grade 9 and 10 \$250 each year and in Grade 11 and 12 - \$1350 each year (\$3200 total)
- Toronto Catholic Board of Education Fees of \$1200 for the IB Diploma Programme will be paid in three non-refundable increments of \$300.00 (due with option sheet on grade 8 registration night), \$400.00 (due, with option sheet, February of grade 9) and \$500.00 (due, with option sheet, February of grade 10)
- York Region District School Board Grade 9 fee \$250, Grade 10 fee \$350
   Grade 11 and 12 \$1200 per year (\$3000 total)
- Algonquin & Lakeshore Catholic District School Board Fees of \$1200 are distributed across Grades 10, 11 and 12.

## **IB Costs**

GENERAL IB FEES	USD	CAD									
IB fee	\$13,164.50 USD	\$18,059.52									
Manage Bac Fee	\$1700 USD	\$2,332.12									
In thinking subscription		\$1,600.00			Current Total number of students in Grades 11 and 12						
Costs for mailing & Printing for Exams /French		\$1,550			68 students	60 students	137 students	118 students	98 students	481 total number of IB	students
ANNUAL FEES PER SCHOOL		\$23,542		TOTAL COST per student for ONE Year	\$346.18	\$392.36	\$171.84	\$199.51	\$240.22		
					MPCI	Weston	VPCI	SWLCI	PCI		
				TOTAL COST per student for TWO Years	\$692.36	\$784.72	\$343.68	\$399.02	\$480.44		
				Cost of 6 exams over 2 years	\$979.49	\$979.49	\$979.49	\$979.49	\$979.49		
Estimated Other Costs to Board/School		Annual Cost	2 year cost	TOTAL COST per student for TWO Years							
Coordinator (0.5 FTE)		\$50,000.00	\$100,000.00		\$1,470.59	\$1,666.67	\$729.93	\$847.45	\$1,020.41		
Training and PD		\$3,400.00	\$6,800.00		\$100.00	\$113.33	\$49.64	\$57.63	\$69.39		
Resources/Books		\$17,000.00	\$34,000.00		\$500.00	\$500.00	\$500.00	\$500.00	\$500.00	(is cost per student)	
				CAD	\$3,742.44	\$4,044.21	\$2,602.74	\$2,783.59	\$3,049.73	BOTTOM LINE PER STUDENT FOR 2 YEARS	Average 2 year cost per IB student
				School Cost over 2 years	\$254,485.92	\$242,652.60	\$356,575.38	\$328,463.62	\$298,873.54	\$1,481,051.06	\$3,079.11
										Board Cost over 2 years	

## **International Baccalaureate Financial Assistance Structure**

#### Non-Refundable Fee Structure

Families will be required to provide proof of family income on an annual basis. Based on the gross family income each year, the fee for the upcoming school year will be determined from the chart below (Table 1) and will be due for payment at the time of the next year's course selection (February).

Table 1: Annual Fee Schedule Based on Gross Family Income Each Year

Family Income Range	Subsidy	Grade 9	Grade 10	Grade 11	Grade 12
over \$75,000	No subsidy	\$250	\$250	\$1250	\$1250
\$50,000-\$75,000	TDSB Partial Subsidy (Level 1)	\$250	\$250	\$750	\$750
\$30,000-\$50,000	TDSB Partial Subsidy (Level 2)	\$250	\$250	\$250	\$250
\$0-\$30,000	TDSB Full Subsidy (Level 3)	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0

Based on this year's enrollment in the International Baccalaureate programs and the extrapolation of postal code data (Table 2), it is estimated that approximately 26% of students in IB could be eligible for some form of subsidy.

Table 2: 2023-24 Income, based on October 31, 2023 enrollment (median income)

	Student Population	High (\$112,300 to \$1,738,000)	Medium (\$80,000 - \$112,200)	Low (\$79,000 and below)
IB Program	1,225	40%	34%	26%

Toronto District School Board
Details of Programs/Areas Not Fully Funded
June 1, 2023

Appendix D

## Major Areas Where Board is Spending More Than Funded (Based on 2023-24 Revised Budget)

DEPARTMENT/AREA	Millions	NOTES
Cafeterias	(\$0.9)	
Continuing Education	(\$6.9)	1
Early Years Programming - EDP and EarlyON	(\$0.6)	
Elementary Supervision (Lunchroom)	(\$12.9)	2
Outdoor Education	(\$3.2)	
Safe & Caring	(\$9.2)	3
School Based Safety Monitors	(\$15.1)	3
School Office Administration	(\$7.0)	4
Special Education	(\$40.6)	
Itinerant Music Instructors	(\$4.4)	
Statutory Benefits	(\$48.0)	5
Supply costs (Teachers, Educational Assistants & Designated Early		
Childhood Educators)	(\$11.9)	
Student Nutrition	(\$1.2)	
Pools	(\$6.1)	
Transportation	(\$0.8)	6
School Operations	(\$22.9)	
Information Technology	(\$47.5)	
Total	(\$239.1)	

#### NOTES

- 1 Continuing Education includes adult day school, credit & summer school, international
- 2 The cost of elementary supervision in this line represents the cost of lunchroom supervisors.
- 3 This line includes safe and caring spending over funding. \$2.8 million in positions were added in January 2023 and have not been included in the 2024-25 Updated Financial Position. This line also includes School Based Safety Monitors for which there is no direct funding.
- 4 School office administration is provided through the school foundation portion of the GSN. There are 2 main reasons for the overage in school office admin and P/VP:
  - a) TDSB salaries (like most across the province) are higher than the benchmark funding.
  - b) TDSB has allocated more staff than calculated by the grant.
- 5 The statutory benefit and replacement cost line includes:
  - a) CPP and EI \$35.2M (from 18-19 to 23-24)
  - b) LTD and WSIB \$12.9M (from 18-19 to 23-24)
- 6 Transportation GAP in funding represents the new contracts starting Sept 1st 2024

## Appendix F Updated Financial Position

Projected Financial Position - January 29, 2024				
Updates				
School Based Staffing	4.8			
Utilities	5.5			
International Student Fees	1.7			
Other	2.0			
		14.0		
Updated Projected Financial Position		- 20.8		
Reductions Based on Options to Balance				
Continuing Education	2.0			
Outdoor Education	1.0			
International Baccalaurate Fees	0.8			
Permits	2.6			
Central Staff	5.0			
School Renewal	5.0			
Sick Leave	7.0	22.4		
		23.4		
Financial Position After Options to Balance		2.6		
Adds				
Vice Principals	3.8			
Safety Positions	3.0			
Community Support Workers	1.1			
		- 7.9		
Projected Financial Position if Positions Added to Budget		- 5.3		



## **Our Mission**

To enable all students to reach high levels of achievement and well-being and to acquire the knowledge, skills and values they need to become responsible, contributing members of a democratic and sustainable society.

## We Value

- Each and every student's interests, strengths, passions, identities and needs
- A strong public education system
- A partnership of students, staff, family and community
- Shared leadership that builds trust, supports effective practices and enhances high expectations
- The diversity of our students, staff and our community
- The commitment and skills of our staff
- Equity, innovation, accountability and accessibility
- Learning and working spaces that are inclusive, caring, safe, respectful and environmentally sustainable

## **Our Goals**

#### **Transform Student Learning**

We will have high expectations for all students and provide positive, supportive learning environments. On a foundation of literacy and math, students will deal with issues such as environmental sustainability, poverty and social justice to develop compassion, empathy and problem solving skills. Students will develop an understanding of technology and the ability to build healthy relationships.

#### **Create a Culture for Student and Staff Well-Being**

We will build positive school cultures and workplaces where mental health and well-being is a priority for all staff and students. Teachers will be provided with professional learning opportunities and the tools necessary to effectively support students, schools and communities.

#### **Provide Equity of Access to Learning Opportunities for All Students**

We will ensure that all schools offer a wide range of programming that reflects the voices, choices, abilities, identities and experiences of students. We will continually review policies, procedures and practices to ensure that they promote equity, inclusion and human rights practices and enhance learning opportunities for all students.

#### Allocate Human and Financial Resources Strategically to Support Student Needs

We will allocate resources, renew schools, improve services and remove barriers and biases to support student achievement and accommodate the different needs of students, staff and the community.

#### Build Strong Relationships and Partnerships Within School Communities to Support Student Learning and Well-Being

We will strengthen relationships and continue to build partnerships among students, staff, families and communities that support student needs and improve learning and well-being. We will continue to create an environment where every voice is welcomed and has influence.

## **Acknowledgement of Traditional Lands**

We acknowledge we are hosted on the lands of the Mississaugas of the Anishinaabe (A NISH NA BEE), the Haudenosaunee (HOE DENA SHOW NEE) Confederacy and the Wendat. We also recognize the enduring presence of all First Nations, Métis and Inuit peoples.

## Reconnaissance des terres traditionnelles

Nous reconnaissons que nous sommes accueillis sur les terres des Mississaugas des Anichinabés (A NISH NA BAY), de la Confédération Haudenosaunee (HOE DENA SHOW NEE) et du Wendat. Nous voulons également reconnaître la pérennité de la présence des Premières Nations, des Métis et des Inuit."

## **Committee Mandate**

- (i) To consider and make recommendations to the Board on finance matters, including procurement and contract awards, referred to it for consideration.
- (ii) To review the impact of enrolment and policy change on the Board's budget, including reviewing the impact of enrolment trends, and marketing strategies to bolster enrolment in declining areas of the city; and
- (iii) To consider strategies to balance the capital and operating budget over a multi-year period, and to make recommendations to the Board to balance the annual capital and operating budget.

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## **Funding Information Requirement**

At the special meeting held on March 7, 2007, the Board decided that to be in order any trustee motion or staff recommendation that would require the Board to expend funds for a new initiative include the following information: the projected cost of implementing the proposal; the recommended source of the required funds, including any required amendments to the Board's approved budget; an analysis of the financial implications prepared by staff; and a framework to explain the expected benefit and outcome as a result of the expenditure.

## [1]Closing of certain committee meetings

- (2) A meeting of a committee of a board, including a committee of the whole board, may be closed to the public when the subject-matter under consideration involves,
- (a) the security of the property of the board;
- (b) the disclosure of intimate, personal or financial information in respect of a member of the board or committee, an employee or prospective employee of the board or a pupil or his or her parent or guardian;
- (c) the acquisition or disposal of a school site;
- (d) decisions in respect of negotiations with employees of the board; or
- (e) litigation affecting the board. R.S.O. 1990, c. E.2, s. 207 (2).
- (2.1) Closing of meetings re certain investigations A meeting of a board or a committee of a board, including a committee of the whole board shall be closed to the public when the subject-matter under considerations involves an ongoing investigation under the Ombudsman Act respecting the board