Toronto District School Board

Policy P034

Title: WORKPLACE HARASSMENT PREVENTION FOR NON-HUMAN-RIGHTS-

CODE HARASSMENT

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Authorization: Board of Trustees

1.0

RATIONALE

The Toronto District School Board (the "Board") is committed to providing a safe, nurturing, positive learning and working environment, free of harassment and discrimination, where every individual is treated with dignity and respect.

This <u>Policy</u>policy is consistent with the *Occupational Health and Safety Act* ("(*OHSA*") and). It is intended to comply with the Board's obligations under the *OHSA* with regard to workplace harassment that is not covered by and to support the Board's <u>Human Rights Policy (P031). Values and Respectful Learning and Working Environment Policy (P073).</u>

2.0 OBJECTIVE

This <u>Policypolicy</u> is designed to promote a healthy, respectful and supportive <u>workworking and learning</u> environment. -It highlights conduct that may <u>amountlead</u> to <u>non-Code</u> workplace harassment (i.e. harassment that is not <u>covered by the Board's Human Rights Policy or the Human Rights Code</u>) and as <u>well as</u> outlines the system's shared responsibility <u>forin</u> fostering a harassment-free workplace. -The goal is to prevent <u>non-Code</u> workplace harassment from taking place and, where necessary, to investigate and respond to <u>instances</u>, <u>potential instances</u>, and <u>incidents/complaints</u> of such <u>behaviourbehavior</u> in a fair,

timely and effective manner.

3.0

DEFINITIONS

Abuse of Authority occurs when a person improperly uses the power and authority inherent in their position to engage in non-Code workplace harassment. This harassment may include, but is not limited to, patterns of the following behaviours:

- undermining the performance of a worker's job, including unjustifiably withholding information so as to interfere with a worker's work;
- unnecessarily reprimanding a worker in front of others;
- improperly interfering with or inappropriately influencing a worker's career,
 inappropriately endangering a worker's job, or threatening to do so; or
- otherwise taking advantage of one's position to harass a worker.

Abuse of authority does not include the appropriate and reasonable exercise of managerial authority in connection with: coaching or counseling, assignment and monitoring of work, performance evaluation or discipline, or other supervisory or leadership functions.

Allegation means is an unproven claim or assertion that someone has violated done something wrong based on one's belief that a violation of this Policypolicy has occurred.

Alternative Dispute Resolution (ADR) is a voluntary, confidential process in which parties of a dispute or disagreement can come to a mutual understanding/agreement to resolve their differences. This can involve a facilitated discussion (mediation) among parties with a neutral third party facilitator.

Board means is the Toronto District School Board, which is (also referred to as "TDSB".). The TDSB is an employer, as defined by the OHSA.

Bullying means targeted is aggressive and typically repeated behaviour (physical, social, verbal, electronic, written or other means) intended to cause harm, fear, isolation, or distress to a worker. Harm may include, for example: (e.g., physical, psychological, or social harm; or harm to, academic), fear or distress to another individual or to the individual's reputation, or property or career. Bullying can. It could also include creating a negative environment for a workeranother individual where there is a real or perceived power imbalance between the parties (for example, based on one's size, age, strength, academic ability, education, employment position intelligence, group affiliation, economic or social status, race, immigrant colour, ancestry, religion, citizenship, marital status,

<u>language</u>, ethnic origin, <u>sexplace of origin, family circumstance</u>, sexual orientation, gender, <u>gender identity</u>, <u>organder expression</u>, disability). <u>or receipt of special education</u>.

Note: Where a protected human rights groundConduct that may constitute bullying includes, but is a factor in not limited to the power imbalance, following:

- Physical tripping, hitting, pushing, slapping
- Verbal name-calling, mocking, insults or racist, homophobic, transphobic comments
- Social gossiping, spreading rumours, exclusion, public humiliation, ignoring, graffiti
- Cyber-bullying (bullying by electronic means) creating a web page or blog, assuming
 the situation should first identity of another person; posting messages on the internet
 pretending to be assessed to determine whether the Human Rights Policy (P031)
 applies, and if not, it another person; communicating material electronically to more than
 one individual or posting offensive material on a website that may be addressed accessed
 by one or more individuals

Complainant is anyone who makes a complaint under this Policy.

<u>Code-Based Harassment</u> means harassment on the basis of a protected ground under Ontario's <u>Human Rights Code</u> ("Code") or the Board's Human Rights Policy (P031). The protected grounds are:

Age

Ancestry

Citizenship

Colour

Creed (religion, includes Indigenous spiritual practices)

Disability or perceived disability

Ethnic origin

Family status

Gender expression

Gender identity

Marital status (includes single, married and common law, separated, divorced, widowed; includes same and opposite-sex relationships)

Place of origin

Race

Sex (includes pregnancy and breastfeeding)

Sexual orientation

Record of offences (provincial offences or pardoned federal offences)

Socio-economic status

Association with a person identified by a ground listed above

Workplace harassment on the basis of the above grounds is prohibited by both the *Code*

and the *OHSA*. *Code*-basedpolicy, alleging that workplace harassment, including sexual harassment, falls under the has occurred.

Human Rights Policy (P031), Office (HRO) is an office within the TDSB, that is neutral and is notunbiased and is a resource to all covered under this Policy. The Human Rights Policy also addresses non-workplace harassment policy. The HRO upholds the Board's policies on the basis of the protected grounds, as well as harassment and discrimination., as well as the associated laws (e.g., Occupational Health & Safety Act, Ontario Human Rights Code).

Poisoned Work Environment is a negative working environment created by a form of harassment. The harassment may include inappropriate comments, behaviour, or display of offensive material which has an adverse impact on an individual or a group. The comment or behaviour is typically repetitive in nature and happens over an extended period of time; however, one incident (if serious enough) can poison a work environment and have lasting effects on an individual/group beyond the original incident(s). The offending behaviour or conduct does not have to be directed towards any person or group in particular.

Conduct that may create a poisoned work environment includes, but is not limited to the following:

- Repeated yelling and swearing openly in the working environment (does not have to be directed at anyone in particular)
- Display of inappropriate, offensive (including sexist/homophobic) material (pin-ups, posters, graffiti etc.)
- Repeated inappropriate comments, open discussions or jokes of a sexual nature
- Bullying behaviours (repeated taunting, insults, and other inappropriate behaviour intended to cause distress in another person or publically shame, humiliate or degrade).
 With bullying, there is usually a difference in power.
- Condoning harassing or discriminatory behaviours

Reprisal is any harassment, intimidation, threats, or discipline against a person (e.g., complainant, respondent, witness, investigator) for making a report to the Board regarding an incident/complaint of alleged harassment/discrimination. It can also include retaliation against someone who has participated in or is believed to have participated in a process to address a matter under this policy and associated procedure.

* Respondent is anyone who has a complaint made against them under this policy-

Supervisor is a person who has charge of a workplace or authority over workers, in accordance with the OHSA

TDSB is the Toronto District School Board, which is also referred to as the "Board".

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Vexatious is conduct that is inappropriate, unnecessary and that a reasonable person would consider offensive, distressing or demeaning. Vexatious complaints are complaints that are brought forward without sufficient merit, solely to cause annoyance or distress.

<u>Worker</u> (for the purpose of this policy) is any person included in the definition of "worker" under the OHSA including, but not limited to regular, temporary, probationary employees, co-op students and contract employees.

Workplace under the OHSA is any land, premises, location or thing at, upon, in or near which a worker works. For the purpose of this policy it also includes any place where individuals perform work or work-related duties or functions. Schools and school-related activities, such as extra-curricular activities and excursions comprise the workplace, as do Board offices and facilities (including eating, lounge/changing areas and vehicles used for work purposes or on work property). Conferences, workshops, training sessions and staff functions (e.g., staff parties, retirement celebrations) also fall within the scope of this policy.

Workplace Conflict is negative or unfavourable interaction within the workplace between one or more individuals or groups that results from differing ideas, beliefs, decisions, goals or values related directly to their job/organization. Workplace conflict can also result from individuals just not "getting along." This is sometimes referred to as "Personality Conflicts."

Causes of workplace conflict may include, but are not limited to the following:

- Competing for limited resources
- Conflict between personal and departmental/organizational goals
- Differing expectations of productivity levels/work performance
- Disagreement on how to achieve organizational or team goals
- Lack of role clarity
- Organizational change
- Poor/ineffective communication
- Individual differences in opinions, thoughts or life/work styles (personality conflict)

<u>Workplace conflict is a natural occurrence and is not always negative.</u> It is not in and of itself, harassment. How workplace conflict is managed (or not), determines whether it has an adverse or positive effect on individuals/groups.

Positive Effects of workplace conflict

Conflict appropriately managed can signal the need for change leading to process improvements, higher productivity or improved service delivery.

Adverse Instance includes an incident, conduct, ongoing situation, circumstance, environment, practice, or other event that gives rise to a breach of this Policy. The term "potential instance" refers to knowledge, including based on rumour, report, or reasonable suspicion, that warrants investigation to ascertain whether a violation of this Policy has occurred.

Non-Code Effects of workplace conflict

Unresolved conflict or conflict not appropriately managed can lead to a decrease in productivity, increased stress and absenteeism.

Matters relating to workplace conflict should be addressed as soon as possible with the support of a supervisor (or next level supervisor if the supervisor is involved in the conflict) and the union/association/network or other representative, if applicable. Consideration should be given to the appropriateness for the conflict to be addressed through mediation/alternative dispute resolution, with the support of a third party mediator. Open communication is very important.

Workplace Harassment means is engaging in a course of vexatious comment or conduct against a worker in a workplace that is known or ought reasonably to be known to be unwelcome, and is not based on a protected ground under the Human Rights Policy (P031) or the Human Rights Code. or is workplace sexual harassment.

Examples:

Workplace Sexual Harassment is engaging in a course of vexatious comment or conduct against a worker in a workplace because of sex, sexual orientation, gender identity or gender expression, where the course of comment or conduct is known or ought reasonably to be known to be unwelcome, or making a sexual solicitation or advance where the person making the solicitation or advance is in a position to confer, grant or deny a benefit or advancement to the worker and the person knows or ought reasonably to know that the solicitation or advance is unwelcome.

Conduct that may constitute <u>non-Code</u> workplace harassment <u>or that could</u> <u>create a poisoned work environment includes</u>, but is not limited to, patterns of the following behaviours:

<u>Insults; embarrassing, demeaning or intimidating remarks, comments, or gestures; name-Verbally abusive behaviour – ongoing name calling, yelling, ridiculing, mocking, remarks or insults that demean, using abusive language and profanity
</u>

- Publicly degrading, shaming, or humiliating; threatening to share embarrassing information
- Gossiping; spreading rumours; exclusion; ignoring; ostracizing
- Ongoing offensive gestures or comments
 - Workplace jokes or pranks that result in insult, embarrass, demean, ridicule, or intimidate; hazing or embarrassment
 - Displaying or circulating vexatious pictures or materials in print or electronic form, including on-line
 - <u>Vexatious</u> phone calls, e-mails, or social media posts
 - Deliberately withholding resources or information
 - Inappropriate excessive criticism of someone's work
 - Vandalism, graffiti, hazing
- Gossiping or spreading malicious rumours that adversely impact individuals/groups
- Persistent ostracizing or persistent exclusion of an individual/group
- Ongoing public humiliation or shaming
- Intimidating or aggressive behaviour, for example, behaviours:
 - Physical slamming doors, throwing or breaking objects, physical
 posturing <u>such as</u> blocking doors <u>or</u> /entrance ways <u>(see note below with respect to workplace violence)</u>, <u>mocking</u>
 - Verbal persistent shouting, use of profanities or other verbally abusive behaviour (as outlined above)
 - Inappropriate use of electronic devices threatening messages etc.
 - Bullying (see definition at Appendix (A))
 - including-Cyber-bullying bullying by, which occurs through use of electronic means, such as by email, messaging, or communication e.g., e-mail, social media)
 - Abuse of Authority (utilizing one's authority over another in a manner outlined as abusive or intimidating, as noted above).

The impact of these behaviours on an individual will be taken into consideration. Note:

A finding of non-Code workplace harassment generally requires a course or pattern of inappropriate conduct (ie. conduct that has occurred on multiple occasions, over time). However, in exceptional circumstances, a single incident of very serious conduct may amount to non-Code workplace harassment. For example, serious abusive behaviour (verbal or physical as outlined above), especially when engaged in by someone in a position of authority.

Notes:

- Some bullying or threatening behaviours may be more appropriately addressed covered under the Workplace Violence Prevention Policy (P072), if there is an exercise of physical force that causes or could cause physical injury to the worker, threats or bullying involves actions that result in physical harm or an attempt or threat to exercise such inflict physical force.
- harm on a worker in the workplace. If the inappropriate behaviours (<u>for example</u>, threatening/harassing) are committed via TDSB electronic devices or email etc... it can also be <u>ain</u> violation of the Acceptable Use of Information Technology Resources Policy (P088), E-mail Usage Procedure (PR572) or Code of On-line Conduct Procedure (PR571).

Discrimination and

Conduct that may constitute workplace sexual harassment on includes, but is not limited to patterns of the basis of following behaviours:

- Sexually suggestive or obscene remarks or gestures
- Bragging about sexual prowess or discussing sexual activities
- Displaying sexualized pin ups, screensavers, messages etc.
- Circulating, telling or participating in sexual jokes, communications etc.
- Negative/stereotypical comments/jokes based on gender, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, gender expression
- Gender-related comments about an individual's physical characteristics or mannerisms and/or behaviours that reinforce traditional heterosexual gender norms
- Leering (inappropriate suggestive staring at a protected ground underperson's body)
- Sexual advance or "solicitation" for a sexual relationship, especially if in a position of power over the individual (able to confer, grant or deny a benefit to them). This may include a supervisor making advances towards a worker or a worker/supervisor making advances towards a contractor

<u>A finding of *Human Rights Code* are addressed under workplace harassment (including workplace sexual harassment), generally requires a course or established pattern of inappropriate conduct; however, in exceptional circumstances a single incident of very serious conduct may amount to workplace harassment.</u>

Conduct that may be considered "single incident" workplace harassment (including workplace sexual harassment), includes, but is not limited to the <u>Human Rights Policy (P031)</u> (seefollowing behaviours:

- Inappropriate/unwanted touching of a sexual nature
 - Serious abusive behaviour (verbal or physical as outlined above under "Code-Based Harassment").), especially when engaged in by someone in

a position of authority

Reasonable action

The OHSA also outlines that workplace harassment is not the following:

A reasonable action taken by an employer or supervisor relating to the management and direction of workers or the workplace <u>is not non-Code</u> workplace harassment. A "reasonable action" does not include any of the examples of the behaviours listed above under non-Code workplace harassment. A "reasonable action" may include, but is not limited to, the following examples:

A supervisor Examples of "a reasonable action" and other conduct that is typically not workplace harassment may include, but is not limited to:

- Supervisor exercising the "right to manage". For example," (e.g., a supervisor making unfavourable operational decisions in alignment with operational requirements, Board mandates, or government ministry directives; providing appropriate direction; or enacting administrative rules. Such action is unlikely to meet the definition of non-Code workplace harassment even if a worker disagrees with the action or the action adversely impacts one or more individuals. Ministry directives)
- Performance management activities related to assessing and improving a worker's performance, productivity and effectiveness with the goal of facilitating the worker's success. For example, (e.g., providing constructive feedback, recommendations and supports to improve worker performance, even if the worker doesthey do not agree.)
- Discipline._-(Generally, a worker's concerns regarding discipline -are
 more appropriately addressed through discussion between the Employee
 Services Department and the worker's union/association/network
 representative, and/or -the appropriate grievance/dispute resolution
 process, if applicable.

Other Conduct

Other conduct that is typically not non-Code workplace harassment may include, but is not limited to:

 General disagreement with supervisory direction, feedback, operational changes, administrative rules etc., which adversely impact one or more individuals

- General disagreements among workers (including supervisors).
- General acts of rudeness or incivility. For example, (e.g., occasionally responding in an abrupt manner, not extending general courtesy like saying please or thank you, or not promptly responding to emails or voice mail.)

Poisoned Work Environment for the purpose of this Policy means a work environment that is oppressive, negative, hostile, unwelcoming, or non-inclusive as a result of vexatious behavior that is not based on a protected ground and that is known or ought reasonably to be known to be unwelcome. The vexatious behaviour or conduct does not need to be directed toward a particular person or group. A poisoned work environment may result from a series of incidents or a single serious incident; condonation of such behavior; and/or the failure to remedy and restore the workplace following the incident(s).

Examples:

- A supervisor has yelled at several staff, has acted maliciously, and has been inappropriately punitive. Some staff are afraid of going to work, even those who have not yet been targeted by the conduct.
- A coworker has spread embarrassing gossip about a few coworkers. The supervisor is aware but has not taken the matter seriously. Other workers are worried they may be targeted next.

Note: A work environment that is poisoned on the basis of a protected ground falls under the Human Rights Policy (P031).

<u>Protected Ground</u> means a protected ground under the Ontario <u>Human Rights Code</u> or the Board's Human Rights Policy (P031). See the definition of "Code-Based Harassment".

<u>Reprisal</u> means adverse action or threat of adverse action against an individual that is in retaliation:

- (a) for, in good faith raising concerns or claiming or enforcing a right under this Policy or associated procedure or supporting or assisting someone else to do so;
- (b) for participating in a process to address a matter under this this Policy or associated procedure; or
- (c) on the basis of a belief that the individual has engaged in (a) or (b).

Adverse action in the above definition could include, for example:

- suspending, disciplining or dismissing a worker;
- intimidating or coercing a worker not to report a situation;

- changing a worker's position, shift, work location, work assignments or the nature of their work;
- reducing or changing a worker's hours;
- denying a promotion; or
- harassing a worker.

<u>Supervisor</u> means a person who has charge of a workplace or authority over workers.

TDSB means Toronto District School Board, which is also referred to as the "Board". TDSB is an employer, as defined by the *OHSA*.

Vexatious conduct means conduct that is inappropriate or unnecessary and that a worker reasonably experiences as offensive, embarrassing, humiliating, distressing or demeaning.

Note: This definition incorporates a subjective component—the worker actually experiences the conduct as offensive, embarrassing, humiliating or distressing; and an objective component that considers how such behaviour would generally be reasonably received by an individual in the worker's circumstances.

Vexatious complaint means a complaint that is deliberately false, or that is brought forward without sufficient merit, solely to cause annoyance or distress. It is important to note that there is a difference between a vexatious complaint and a complaint that is unsubstantiated but that was brought forward based on the complainant's good faith belief that harassment occurred.

Worker means any person included in the definition of "worker" under the OHSA including, but not limited to: regular, temporary, and probationary employees; coop students; and contract employees.

Workplace is defined in the OHSA as "any land, premises, location or thing at, upon, in or near which a worker works". For the purpose of this Policy, it also includes any place where individuals perform work or work-related duties or functions. Schools and school-related activities, such as extra-curricular activities and excursions comprise the workplace, as do Board offices and facilities (including eating, lounge or changing areas, and vehicles used for work purposes or on work property). Conferences, workshops, training sessions and staff functions (for example, staff parties and retirement celebrations) also fall within the scope of this Policy.

Regardless of where it occurs, conduct that has work-related consequences may be considered to have occurred in the workplace. Phone calls, electronic messages, and postings on electronic and social media may form part of the workplace, particularly

when addressed to a worker or when the content is related to a worker or the workplace.

<u>Workplace Conflict</u> means disagreement, discord, or unfavourable interactions within the workplace between one or more individuals or groups that may result from differing ideas, beliefs, decisions, goals or values related directly to their job or organization. Workplace conflict can also result from individuals just not "getting along". This is sometimes referred to as a "personality conflict".

Causes of workplace conflict may include, but are not limited to:

- competing for limited resources;
- conflict between personal and departmental or organizational goals;
- differing expectations of productivity levels or work performance;
- disagreement on how to achieve organizational or team goals;
- lack of role clarity;
- organizational change;
- poor or ineffective communication; or
- individual differences in opinions, thoughts, communication styles, or life/work styles (personality conflict).

Workplace conflict is a natural occurrence and is not always negative. It is not, in and of itself, harassment. Whether and how workplace conflict is managed determines whether it has an adverse or positive effect on individuals, groups or the workplace. Conflict appropriately managed can signal the need for change leading to process improvements, higher productivity or improved service delivery. Unresolved conflict or conflict not appropriately managed can lead to a decrease in productivity, increased stress, and absenteeism. If left unchecked, it can ultimately lead to harassing behaviours or a poisoned work environment.

<u>4.0</u> While the conduct may be considered undesirable, it typically does not meet the definition of workplace harassment. A "reasonable action" by a supervisor does not include any of the examples of the behaviours listed under workplace harassment.

RESPONSIBILITY

The Director of Education holds primary responsibility for implementation of this Policy.

Within the Director's Office, the responsibility for coordination and, day-to-day management of the Policy is assigned to the Associate Director, Leadership, Learning and School Improvement and the Executive Superintendent, Human

rights and Indigenous Education. Employee Services.

5.0

APPLICATION AND SCOPE

This <u>Policypolicy</u> addresses workplace harassment under the *OHSA* that is not covered by the Board's Human Rights Policy (P031), that is, workplace harassment that is not based on a protected ground under the *Human Rights* <u>Code or Human Rights Policy (P031). Itand</u> applies to all <u>TDSB</u> workers <u>andwithin the meaning of the OHSA.</u> It addresses <u>non-Code</u> workplace harassment from all sources, including supervisors, workers, trustees, students, parents, suppliers, and members of the public.

<u>Code-based harassment and discrimination, including sexual harassment, fall under the Human Rights Policy (P031), and are not covered under this Policy.</u>

The Board also has policies <u>and</u>/procedures in place to deal with other forms of harassment or <u>harmful</u>offensive conduct_-including the Reporting of Suspected Wrongdoing (Whistleblowing) Policy (P066), Human Rights Policy (P031), Board Member Code of Conduct Policy (P075), Gender-Based Violence Policy (P071), Caring and Safe Schools Policy (P051), Dealing with Abuse and Neglect of Students Policy (P045), Workplace Harassment Prevention and Human Rights (PR515), Board Code of Conduct Procedure (PR585) and the Bullying Prevention and Intervention Procedure (PR703). See section 10.0 for a complete list of other relevant policies and <u>proceduresprocedure</u>.

6.0 POLICY

- 6.1 <u>6.1</u> The Board is committed to respectful, equitable service delivery and employment practices through the prevention of <u>all forms of non-Code</u> workplace harassment. (including workplace sexual harassment). The Board will not tolerate, condone or ignore <u>non-Code</u> workplace harassment in its schools, facilities and other workplaces.
- 6.2 All workers are responsible for creating, maintaining, All workers are encouraged to report workplace harassment to the appropriate person in accordance with procedures made pursuant to this policy. Workers will not be penalized for reporting (in good faith) an incident, making a complaint or for participating in an investigation under to this policy. Reprisal is prohibited under this policy and the OHSA. See section 6.9 (a) regarding vexatious complaints.
- 6.3 Any person reporting an incident or complaint of workplace harassment or who participates in a process to resolve a matter under this policy (including investigators), will keep that information confidential and not disclose or release to anyone any information about the

incident/complaint except to the extent necessary to protect a worker(s), to investigate the complaint/incident, to take corrective action or as otherwise required by law. This extends to details of a complaint (including its existence), meetings about an incident/complaint, identifying information about a person including names of witnesses, contact made with an investigator etc. This is a continuous obligation that extends beyond employment with the TDSB. Seeking advice from a worker's own union/association representatives in addressing workplace harassment is permitted, and may be required by some Collective Agreements.

- 6.4 This is a continuous obligation that extends beyond employment with the TDSB. Seeking advice from a worker's own union/association representatives in addressing workplace harassment is permitted, and may be required by some Collective Agreements.
 - All persons covered under this policy are responsible for creating, maintaining and contributing to a climate of understanding and mutual respect for the rights and dignity of each person. All workers are required to do by doing the following:
 - (a) Do not engage in <u>non-Code</u> behavior that is or may be perceived as workplace harassment,:
 - (b) If comfortable, advise the <u>creation of a poisoned</u> alleged harasser that the conduct is unwelcome and ask that person to stop;
 - (a) If approached as per the above, it is expected that the individual will work environment, or reprisal. with the person raising a concern, to resolve the matter:
 - (b) Cooperate fully in appropriate attempts under this Policy or associated procedure to address a situation or complaint.
 - (c) If an individual is not comfortable approaching the alleged harasser or an individual is approached and the behaviour does not stop, report incidents of workplace harassment to a Supervisor or the Human Rights Office (workers can also seek help addressing workplace harassment through their respective union/association,the TDSB Employee and Family Assistance Program, or other resources as outlined in the associated procedures);
 - (b)(c) Cooperate fully in any attempts to resolve an incident or complaint and cooperate fully in the investigation of a situation any incident or complaint under this Policy and associated procedure.policy;
 - (d) Do not make a vexatious complaint.
 - (e)(e) Do not purposefully knowingly or recklessly provide false or misleading statements or information to an investigator investigating a matter under this Policy.pelicy;
 - (d)(f) Maintain confidentiality in accordance with the procedure made pursuantwith respect to incidents/complaints of matters relating to this Policypolicy and associated procedures.

6.5 6.3 The Board recognizes that general acts of rudeness/incivility by any worker, or less than optimal management styles are behaviours that are not desirable in the workplace and may adversely impact one or more individuals; however, these behaviours are not typically workplace harassment. They are concerning, however, and should be addressed through a supervisor or if a supervisor is involved in the undesirable behaviour, through the next level supervisor. Workers who are unionized or otherwise represented, should contact their respective union/association or network representative to work together with the supervisor (or next level supervisor as per above), to address the concerns. Consideration should also be given to whether the services of a third party mediator may be appropriate in the circumstances. If these behaviours are left unchecked, they can potentially lead to workplace conflict, harassing behaviours or ultimately, a poisoned work environment.

The Board will promote a healthy, respectful and supportive work environment by providing:

- (a) <u>information Information</u> and instruction on <u>how to prevent and respond to non-Code</u>the prevention of workplace harassment, a <u>poisoned work environment, and reprisal, including by sharing through this <u>Policypolicy</u> and the associated procedure, to be shared with all workers;</u>
- (b) <u>anAn</u> environment that encourages reporting all <u>instancesincidents</u> of harassment; and
- (c) <u>a</u>A process to handle and investigate <u>non-Code</u> workplace harassment, <u>poisoned work environment</u>, and <u>reprisal instances</u>, <u>potential instances</u>, <u>incidents</u> and complaints in a manner appropriate <u>ingiven</u> the circumstances, through this <u>Policypolicy</u> and the associated <u>procedureprocedures</u>.
- Supervisors <u>are will be</u> responsible for not only their own conduct, but also for addressing the conduct of those under their supervision. –To prevent <u>non-Code</u> workplace harassment, <u>poisoned work environment</u>, <u>and reprisal</u> and to address <u>instances</u>, <u>potential instances</u>, <u>and incidents</u>/complaints, <u>of workplace harassment</u> management will do the following:
 - (a) Lead by example by not engaging in, tolerating or condoning non-Code workplace harassment, a poisoned work environment, or reprisal.;
 - (b) Make all reasonable efforts to protect workers from -all forms of harassment by maintaining a workworking/learning environment that is respectful.;
 - (c) Post this Policy and associated procedure in a conspicuous location in the workplace, where it would

- be likely to come to workers' attention, and make the Policy and procedure available to workers (electronically or by hard copy)., the Workplace Harassment Prevention Policy and associated procedure in the workplace, visible to employees/students;
- (d) Be aware and Aknowledgeable of this Policypolicy and associated procedure.
- (e) Educate or provide educational opportunities for workers -to ensure they are aware that harassment will not be tolerated, and that they understand their rights and responsibilities as they relate to this Policypolicy and associated procedure.;
- (f) Take all <u>instances</u>, <u>potential instances</u>, <u>incidents</u> and complaints of <u>non-Code</u> workplace harassment, <u>poisoned environment</u>, <u>and reprisal</u> seriously by <u>promptly</u>:

intervening

- (i) Intervening when itworkplace harassment occurs or is suspected to have occurred;
- (i) <u>investigating Acting promptly on all-allegations, instances, potential</u> instances, <u>incidents/complaints of harassment;</u>
 - (ii) Investigating incidents and complaints of non-Code workplace harassment, poisoned environment and reprisal in a manner appropriate ingiven the circumstances, in accordance with this Policypolicy, associated procedure and the OHSA;
 - (iii) <u>making Making inquiries or /consulting with other Board departments the Human Rights Office</u>, as appropriate, to assist in effectively managing <u>allegations</u>, <u>instances</u>, <u>potential instances</u>, <u>and incidents/complaints</u>; <u>and</u>
- (ii) <u>taking Taking</u> remedial and/or disciplinary action, (in consultation with Employee Services), with any person found to have engaged in workplace harassment or conduct in violation of this <u>Policy.policy.</u> Remedial action may include, but is not limited to, training and education or other actions as deemed appropriate <u>ingiven</u> the circumstances. <u>Remedial action for workers is taken in consultation with Employee Services.</u> Remedial action for persons who are not <u>workers employees</u> is taken after consultation with the Legal Services.;
 - (iv) Department and/or Safe Schools Department and/or applicable <u>superintendentSuperintendent</u>, as appropriate, <u>and</u>. This may <u>entailresult in</u>, but is not limited to, denial of access to Board premises or issuance of trespass notices.
- 6.5 All workers, including those who witness, are encouraged to report non-Code workplace harassment, a poisoned work environment, or reprisal to

- the appropriate person (typically one's supervisor or the next level supervisor not involved or implicated) in accordance with the procedure made pursuant to this Policy. Reprisal against workers is prohibited (please see above definition of "reprisal").
- Any person who makes a complaint of non-Code workplace harassment, poisoned work environment, or reprisal or who manages or participates in a process to address and/or resolve a matter under this Policy, will adhere to the confidentiality provisions set out in the procedure made pursuant to this Policy.
- 6.6 <u>6.7</u> The Human Rights Office (HRO) is neutral and unbiased and is a resource to all covered under this policy. The HRO will work to prevent workplace harassment and respond to inquiries, incidents/complaints of workplace harassment by doing the following:
 - (a) Assisting with the development of education, information and instruction materials related to the prevention of workplace harassment, and the Board's Workplace Harassment Prevention Policy and associated procedure;
 - (b) Providing independent, unbiased, confidential advice to all covered under this policy (includes complainants, respondents etc.);
 - (c) Conducting preliminary assessments of incidents/complaints of workplace harassment (as outlined in the associated procedure), in order to determine if on the face of the complaint the allegation(s) meet the definition of workplace harassment and to determine appropriate next steps to deal with an incident/complaint, in a manner appropriate in the circumstances. This may include re-directing matters to another department of the Board, as deemed appropriate. Actions taken or fact-finding conducted for the purposes of an assessment will be deemed an investigation appropriate in the circumstances for purposes of the OHSA, if the assessment determines no further investigation of the matter is warranted;
 - (d) Assisting with resolving incidents/complaints formally or informally;
 - (e) Assisting with the provision of Mediation or Alternative Dispute Resolution (ADR) services, as deemed appropriate or;
 - (f) Formally investigating matters, as deemed appropriate by the HRO.
- 6.7 Action <u>maywill</u> be taken with <u>any worker who fails to abide by the requirements set out in this Policy, including but not limited anyone found to have violated this policy, as follows:</u>
 - Any worker found in violation of this policy may be subject to remedial action or discipline, up to and including termination of employment. (Knowingly or purposefully making false or misleading statements during an investigation, or making a false or vexatious complaint, is considered a violation of this policy).
 - (a) Supervisory staff who fail to take appropriate action to resolve incidents and complaints (formal or informal), or who fail to act appropriately on findings of

violations of this policy will be found to have violated this policy and may be subject to remedial action or discipline, up to and including termination of employment.

SPECIFIC DIRECTIVES

6.8 This Policy must be interpreted harmoniously with the spirit and intent of the Human Rights Code, and the Board's Human Rights Policy (P031) and Equity Policy (P037), and will not be interpreted or applied in a manner that undermines the values or rights reflected in them.

Example: A person experiencing racism from another worker isolates themself away from that person, and avoids speaking to them. They also warn another racialized worker about that person's racism. This reaction to experiencing racism is not workplace harassment. While the ideal circumstance is for all TDSB supervisors to be approachable and responsive so that workers experiencing racism can address such matters through them, workers should not be penalized when they feel unable to do so or when such efforts fail and other strategies are employed.

6.9 ADDRESSING INCIDENTS OF SUSPECTED HARASSMENT

Workers should refer to the procedure created pursuant to this Policy for information on addressing situations or complaints of suspected non-Code workplace harassment, poisoned work environment, and reprisal.

7.0

The Director is authorized to issue operational procedures to implement this policy.

EVALUATION

<u>This</u><u>The Workplace Harassment Prevention</u> Policy will be reviewed as required, <u>but</u><u>and</u> at least annually, in accordance with the <u>OHSA</u>Occupational Health and Safety Act.

8.0

APPENDICES

Not Applicable

9.0

SPECIFIC DIRECTIVES

The Director will issue an operational procedure to implement this Policy, including setting out the process for addressing incidents or complaints of suspected non-Code workplace harassment, poisoned work environment, and reprisal.

10.0 REFERENCE DOCUMENTS

Policies:

- Acceptable Use of Information Technology Resources (P088)
- Board Member Code of Conduct (P075)
- Caring and Safe Schools (P051)
- Equity (P037)
- Dealing with Abuse and Neglect of Students (P045)
 - Gender-Based Violence (P071)
 - Human Rights (P031)
 - Reporting of Suspected Wrongdoing (Whistleblowing) (P066)
 - Respectful Learning and Working Environment (P073)
 - Workplace Violence Prevention (P072)

Procedures:

- Abuse and Neglect of Students (PR560)
 - Board Code of Conduct (PR585)
 - Bullying Prevention and Intervention (PR703)
 - Code of On-line Conduct (PR571)
 - Complaint Protocol for the Board Member of Conduct (PR708)
 - E-mail Usage (PR572)
 - Police-School Board Protocol (PR698)
 - Sexual Misconduct by Students (PR608)
 - Workplace Harassment Prevention and Human Rights (PR515)

Legislative Acts:

- Education Act
- Human Rights Code
- •—Occupational Health and Safety Act
- Ontario Human Rights Code
 - ____